

Ejercicios en ingles de comparativos y superlativos

Los comparativos y superlativos en inglés son herramientas esenciales para expresar diferencias y extremos en características entre personas, objetos o situaciones. Los **comparativos** se utilizan para comparar dos elementos, usando estructuras como *more...than*, *less...than* o *as...as*.

Por otro lado, los **superlativos** destacan el grado máximo o mínimo de una cualidad, generalmente con *the most* o *the least*.

A continuación, se incluye una tabla resumen con las reglas básicas para formar comparativos y superlativos, seguida de los ejercicios detallados con sus respectivas respuestas.

Tipo	Regla	Ejemplo
Comparativo	Adjetivos cortos: adj + -er + than	taller than
	Adjetivos largos: more + adj + than	more interesting than
	Igualdad: as + adj + as	as tall as
Superlativo	Adjetivos cortos: the + adj + -est	the tallest
	Adjetivos largos: the + most + adj	the most interesting
Irregulares	Algunos adjetivos tienen formas únicas	good → better → best

Esta guía presenta 15 ejercicios prácticos que cubren desde completar oraciones hasta corregir errores y traducir, diseñados para reforzar el uso correcto de estas formas gramaticales.

Ejercicios y Respuestas

Ejercicio 1: Completar oraciones

Completa las oraciones con la forma correcta del adjetivo entre paréntesis.

1. This car is _____ (expensive) than that one.
2. She is the _____ (intelligent) student in the class.
3. My dog is _____ (small) than your cat.

4. This is the _____ (delicious) pizza I've ever eaten.
5. He is _____ (tall) than his brother.

Respuestas:

1. more expensive
 2. most intelligent
 3. smaller
 4. most delicious
 5. taller
-

Ejercicio 2: Corregir errores

Corrige los errores en las siguientes oraciones.

1. She is more prettier than her sister.
2. This is the most good movie I've ever seen.
3. My car is more faster than yours.
4. He is the goodest student in class.
5. This restaurant is more better than the one downtown.

Respuestas:

1. She is prettier than her sister.
 2. This is the best movie I've ever seen.
 3. My car is faster than yours.
 4. He is the best student in class.
 5. This restaurant is better than the one downtown.
-

Ejercicio 3: Usar "as...as" o "not as...as"

Completa las oraciones usando *as...as* o *not as...as*.

1. She is _____ tall _____ her brother.
2. The blue car is _____ fast _____ the red car.
3. This movie is _____ interesting _____ the book.

4. He is _____ old _____ his father.
5. The test was _____ difficult _____ I thought.

Respuestas:

1. as, as
2. not as, as
3. not as, as
4. as, as
5. not as, as

Ejercicio 4: Formas comparativa y superlativa

Escribe la forma comparativa y superlativa de los siguientes adjetivos:

1. Happy
2. Big
3. Good
4. Bad
5. Interesting

Respuestas:

1. Happy: happier, happiest
2. Big: bigger, biggest
3. Good: better, best
4. Bad: worse, worst
5. Interesting: more interesting, most interesting

Ejercicio 5: Traducir al inglés

Traduce las siguientes oraciones al inglés usando comparativos o superlativos.

1. Esta casa es más grande que la tuya.
2. Él es el más rápido de todos los corredores.
3. Este problema es menos difícil de lo que pensaba.

4. Ella es tan inteligente como su hermana.
5. Este es el mejor libro que he leído.

Respuestas:

1. This house is bigger than yours.
2. He is the fastest of all the runners.
3. This problem is less difficult than I thought.
4. She is as intelligent as her sister.
5. This is the best book I have read.

Ejercicio 6: Completar con comparativos o superlativos

Completa las oraciones usando el comparativo o superlativo del adjetivo en la frase.

1. My car is faster than _____ (yours).
2. This is the _____ (expensive) restaurant in town.
3. She is _____ (young) than her sister.
4. He is the _____ (good) student in the class.
5. This book is _____ (interesting) than the one I read last week.

Respuestas:

1. yours
2. most expensive
3. younger
4. best
5. more interesting

Ejercicio 7: Elegir la opción correcta

Elige la opción correcta.

1. She is _____ (tallest / taller) than her brother.
2. This is the _____ (most beautiful / more beautiful)

painting in the gallery.

3. He is _____ (as / so) tall as his father.

4. This movie is _____ (badder / worse) than the previous one.

5. This is the _____ (less expensive / least expensive) option.

Respuestas:

1. taller

2. most beautiful

3. as

4. worse

5. least expensive

Ejercicio 8: Completar oraciones

Completa las oraciones.

1. I am not as _____ (happy) as I was yesterday.

2. This is the _____ (famous) place in the city.

3. This exercise is _____ (easy) than the last one.

4. He is the _____ (smart) person I know.

5. The weather today is _____ (bad) than it was yesterday.

Respuestas:

1. happy

2. most famous

3. easier

4. smartest

5. worse

Ejercicio 9: Completar con adjetivos

Completa las oraciones con la forma correcta del adjetivo entre paréntesis.

1. The blue whale is _____ (big) animal on earth.
2. John is _____ (old) than his brother.
3. This is the _____ (good) restaurant in town.
4. He is _____ (tall) than his classmates.
5. She is the _____ (talented) artist in the group.

Respuestas:

1. the biggest
2. older
3. best
4. taller
5. most talented

Ejercicio 10: Usar "as...as" o "not as...as"

Completa las oraciones usando *as...as* o *not as...as*.

1. This car is _____ fast _____ that one.
2. The weather today is _____ bad _____ yesterday.
3. She is _____ happy _____ her friend.
4. He is _____ tall _____ his brother.
5. This movie is _____ interesting _____ the book.

Respuestas:

1. as, as
2. not as, as
3. as, as
4. as, as
5. not as, as

Ejercicio 11: Formas comparativa y superlativa

Escribe la forma comparativa y superlativa de los siguientes adjetivos:

1. Hot
2. Careful
3. Far
4. Little
5. Much

Respuestas:

1. Hot: hotter, hottest
2. Careful: more careful, most careful
3. Far: farther/further, farthest/furthest
4. Little: less, least
5. Much: more, most

Ejercicio 12: Traducir al inglés

Traduce las siguientes oraciones al inglés.

1. Este es el restaurante más caro de la ciudad.
2. Él es menos alto que su hermano.
3. Este es el mejor libro que he leído este año.
4. Ella es tan inteligente como su madre.
5. Esta película es más emocionante que la anterior.

Respuestas:

1. This is the most expensive restaurant in the city.
2. He is not as tall as his brother.
3. This is the best book I have read this year.
4. She is as intelligent as her mother.
5. This movie is more exciting than the previous one.

Ejercicio 13: Completar con comparativos o superlativos

Completa las oraciones usando el comparativo o superlativo del adjetivo en la frase.

1. My car is _____ (fast) than _____ (yours).
2. This is the _____ (beautiful) painting in the gallery.
3. She is _____ (young) than her sister, but he is the _____ (old) in the family.
4. He is the _____ (good) student in the class.
5. This book is _____ (interesting) than the one I read last week, but not the _____ (interesting) I've read.

Respuestas:

1. faster, yours
 2. most beautiful
 3. younger, oldest
 4. best
 5. more interesting, most
-

Ejercicio 14: Elegir la opción correcta

Elige la opción correcta.

1. She is the _____ (tallest / taller) girl in the class.
2. This is the _____ (most interesting / more interesting) book I have ever read.
3. He is _____ (as / so) happy as his friend.
4. This is the _____ (worse / worst) day of my life.
5. This is the _____ (least expensive / less expensive) option.

Respuestas:

1. tallest
 2. most interesting
 3. as
 4. worst
 5. least expensive
-

Ejercicio 15: Completar oraciones

Completa las oraciones.

1. I am not as _____ (tired) as I was yesterday.
2. This is the _____ (popular) song of the year.
3. This exercise is _____ (difficult) than the last one.
4. He is the _____ (clever) person I know.
5. The weather today is _____ (good) than it was yesterday.

Respuestas:

1. tired
2. most popular
3. more difficult
4. cleverest
5. better



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